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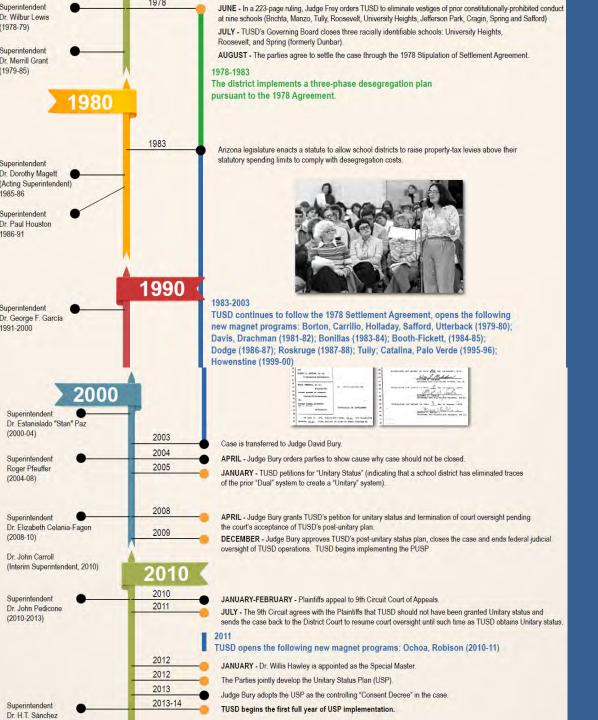


Culturally Responsive Pedagogy & Instruction:

An overview of the development of TUSD Culturally Relevant Courses and Culturally Responsive Practices

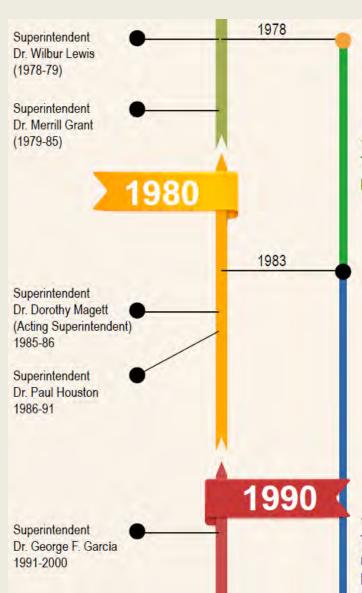


January 30th 2018



Desegregation efforts in TUSD:

A prolonged effort striving for educational equity



JUNE - In a 223-page ruling, Judge Frey orders TUSD to eliminate vestiges of prior constitutionally-prohibited conduct at nine schools (Brichta, Manzo, Tully, Roosevelt, University Heights, Jefferson Park, Cragin, Spring and Safford)

JULY - TUSD's Governing Board closes three racially identifiable schools: University Heights, Roosevelt, and Spring (formerly Dunbar).

AUGUST - The parties agree to settle the case through the 1978 Stipulation of Settlement Agreement.

1978-1983

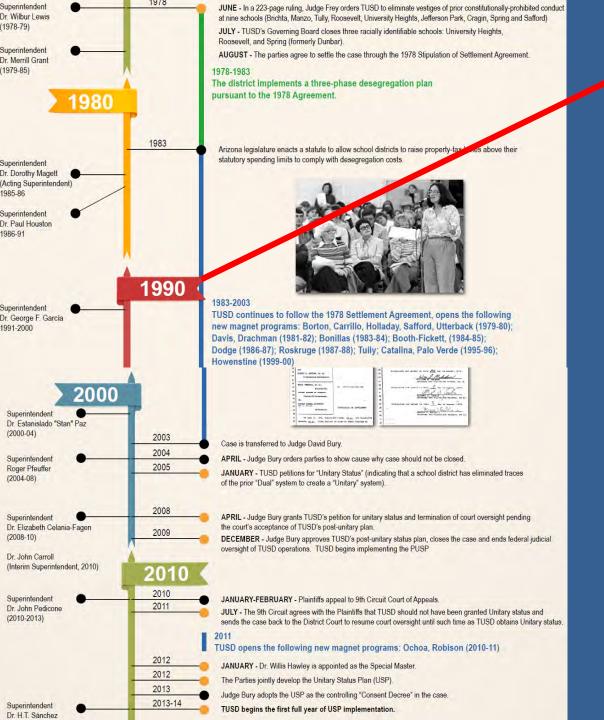
The district implements a three-phase desegregation plan pursuant to the 1978 Agreement.

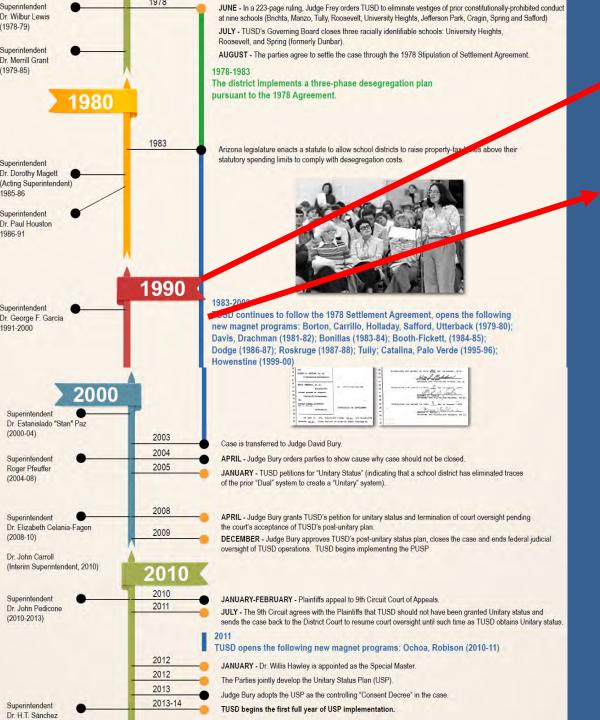
Arizona legislature enacts a statute to allow school districts to raise property-tax levies above their statutory spending limits to comply with desegregation costs.



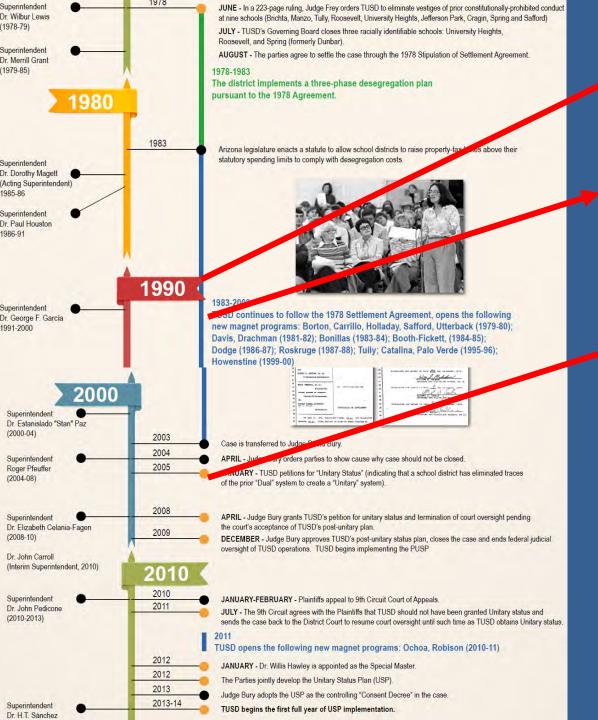
1983-2003

TUSD continues to follow the 1978 Settlement Agreement, opens the following new magnet programs: Borton, Carrillo, Holladay, Safford, Utterback (1979-80); Davis, Drachman (1981-82); Bonillas (1983-84); Booth-Fickett, (1984-85); Dodge (1986-87); Roskruge (1987-88); Tully: Catalina, Palo Verde (1995-96);



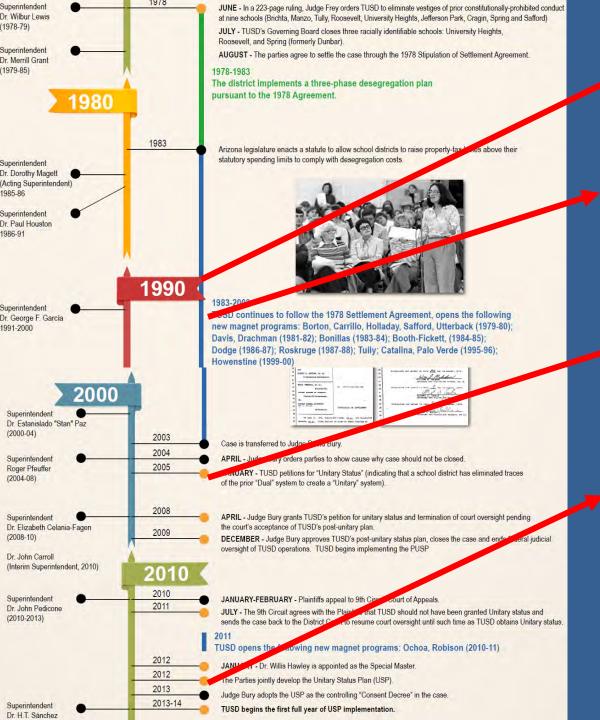


2001 Name changed to Mexican American Studies Dept.



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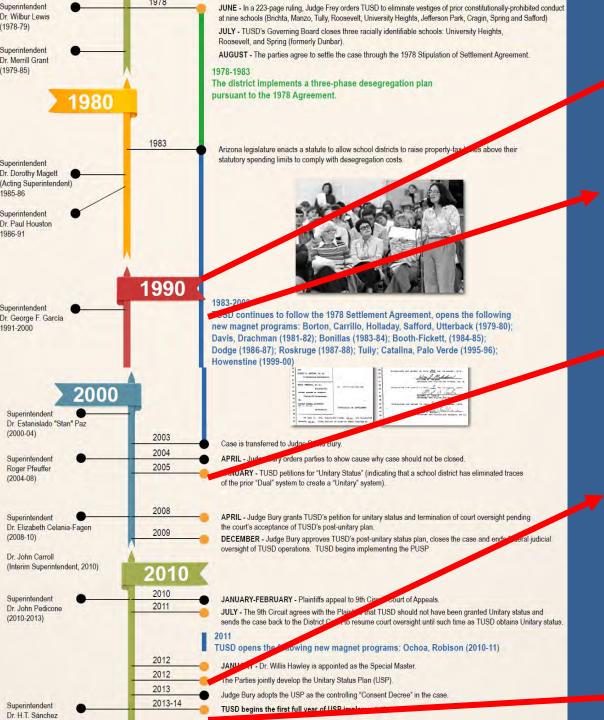
2010 ARS 15-112.



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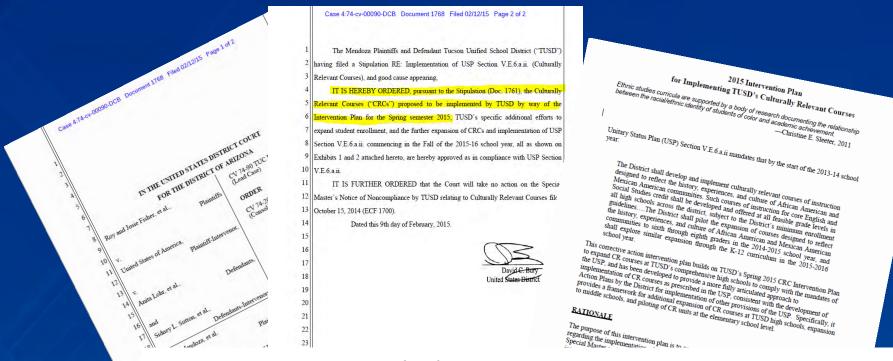


2001 Name changed to Mexican American Studies Dept.

2010 ARS 15-112.

2012 Suspension of Mexican American Studies Dept.

2014 Adoption of Culturally Relevant Courses and CRPI Dept.



A. Unitary Status Plan (USP)

Unitary Status Plan (USP) sections V.E.1.a and 5.a mandate the improvement of academic achievement of African American and Latino students in the District through professional development:

V.E.1.a.

The objective of this section is to improve the academic achievement and educational outcomes of the District's African American and Latino students, including ELL students, using strategies to seek to close the achievement gap and eliminate the racial and ethnic disparities for these students in academic achievement, dropout and retention rates, discipline (described in Section (VI)), The District shall utilize transformative strategies that are designed to change the educational expectations of and for African American and Latino students. Through the strategies in this Section, the District shall improve African American and Latino student engagement in the academic curriculum, shall adopt culturally responsive teaching methods that encourage and strengthen the participation and success of African American and Latino students.

Terminology

Culturally Relevant Curriculum (CRC):

Curriculum that is relevant to students' social, historical and ethnic background.

Courses that have been identified as part of the District's desegregation efforts, monitored by the Special Master.

Culturally Responsive Practices:

Refers to a student-centered educational approach to better address the needs of students served.

Culturally Responsive Pedagogy:

Refers to the specific ways critical educators engage student learning through positive relationships, use of asset theory in curriculum development, and development of critical thought through scaffolding.



CRPI Milestones: Year in transition

- 2014-15
 - Interim director- Sal Gabaldon
 - Summer curriculum development
 - Program coordinators
 - Fall: CRC Course initiated: 300+ students
 - District out of compliance on CRC
 - Director hired
 - Spring: Stop-gap "CRC Intervention Plan": 635 students

CRPI Milestones: Year One

- 2015-16
 - Implementation of stipulation, "2015 CRC Expansion Plan"
 - ADE Monitoring
 - Itinerant/Master teacher staff hired
 - Summer Institute
 - National Panel of Experts
 - Yearly CRC curriculum revision
 - CRC increase: 1998 students

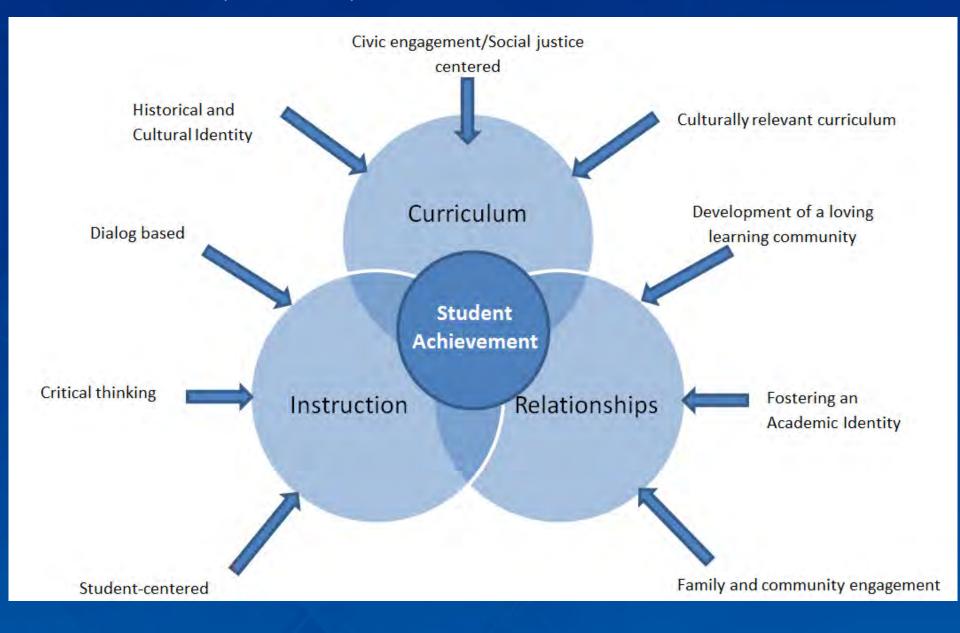
CRPI Milestones: Year Two

- 2016-17
 - ADE monitoring continued
 - Yearly curriculum revision
 - Began collaboration with University of Arizona
 - Exponential growth of CRC: 3399 students

CRPI Milestones: Year Three

- 2017-18
 - "MAS Court Trial": ARS 15-112 deemed unconstitutional
 - University of Arizona Intergovernmental Agreement
 - Culturally Responsive Practices Professional Development Plan (CRP)
 - Continued growth: 5494 students

CULTURALLY RELEVANT EDUCATION MODEL



Department of Culturally Responsive Pedagogy and Instruction (CRPI)

Two areas of focus:

- CRC Classes
- Culturally Responsive Practices (CRP) Training: district-wide



Culturally Responsive Pedagogy and Instruction (CRPI)

Staffing

- Director
- Program Coordinator
- 11 Itinerant/Master Teachers
- 6 School to College Liaison (Activity Helper)

Itinerant/Master Teacher Roles

- Coach/Mentor teachers
- Teach or co-teach CRC
- Curriculum development
 - Resource support
- Provide professional development
 - Course promotion
 - Community engagement



Culturally Relevant Curriculum (CRC) courses in TUSD

High School

- English 11- CRC Mexican American Viewpoint
- English 11- CRC African American Viewpoint
- English 12- CRC Mexican American Viewpoint
- English 12- CRC African American Viewpoint
- American History- CRC Mexican American Viewpoint
- American History- CRC African American Viewpoint
- American Government- CRC Mexican American Viewpoint
- American Government- CRC African American Viewpoint

Middle School

- 6-8 CRC Social Studies
- 6-8 CRC Language Arts

Elementary

4-5 CR Infused Curriculum



CRC Curriculum Development

Quarter

TUCSON UNIFIED 2017-2018 ELA Curriculum Map English 7 Mexican American Viewpoint Reading Focus: Literature Unifying Concept: FEMINISM & MANHOOD Writing Focus: Narrative Highly-Leveraged Standards1 RL.1 Cite textual evidence that supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as RL.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including well as inferences drawn from the text. figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on RL.2 Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is develop another RL.6 A **TUCSON UNIFIED** directly W.3 Wr TUSD Social Studies Curriculum Map: American Government African American Viewpoint techniqu SY 2017-18 a. QUARTER 1 b. Themes: Throughout history and across cultures, people have developed various forms of government meet the needs of those in power and/or the needs of those they govern. d II. TIME, CONTINUITY, AND CHANGE . What government is has changed with the contributions, philosophies, ideologies, individua institutions, and key events that have shaped human history. SL.3 Ev Modern American democracy is linked to a tradition that traces its origins backcenturies to Classical, European, Colonial, and and Indigenous thinkers. assessin tone use The major cleavage dividing US politics has been how to balance the interests of the group y L.5 Der those of the individual. in word Government institutions are used to both protect the interests of those in power and advan the rights of those they govern. Government authority is derived from military, social, cultural, and/or economic sources. . In a functioning democracy, government authority is derived from the will of the governed. Leaders do what they can to remain in power VII. PRODUCTION, DISTRIBUTION, AND CONSUMPTION Governments can dictate what the economic system is for a given country. IX GLOBAL CONNECTIONS Throughout history and across cultures, people have developed various forms of government meet the needs of those in power and/or of those they govern. Modern American democracy is linked to a tradition that traces its origins back centuries to Classical, European, Colonial, and and Indigenous thinkers. . In a functioning democracy, government authority is derived from the will of the governed. Aside from voting, there are many ways citizens participate politically in a modern democra ** Source. National Curriculum Standards for Social Studies: The Themes of Social Studies FLA Office

TUSD Office of Curriculum Development/ Revised 8-3-17 @Version 4.0

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2017-2018 ELA Scope and Sequence, Grade 11: Mexican American Viewpoint

Quarter 1 Unifying Concept: Oral Traditions & Folklore Reading Focus: Informational Writing Focus: Inform ative/Explanatory Corresponding

Quarter 2 Unifying Concept: The Chicano Renaissance Reading Focus: Literature Writing Focus: Argum entative Corresponding Constant

11.RL.1,10 1st Quarter quarter2 11.RI.1.10 11.W.4,5,6,10 11.L.1,2,6

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QUARTER 1

Themes:

Corresponding Standards²

TUSD Social Studies Curriculum Map: American Government African American Viewpoint SY 2017-18

 Throughout history and across cultures, people have developed various forms of government to meet the needs of those in power and/or the needs of those they govern. II. TIME, CONTINUITY, AND CHANG

1st Quarter quarter2

 What government is has changed with the contributions, philosophies, ideologies, individuals. institutions, and key events that have shaped human history

Modern American democracy is linked to a tradition that traces its origins backcenturies to

Classical, European, Colonial, and and Indigenous thinkers.

V INDIVIDUALS GROUPS AND INSTITU

. The major cleavage dividing US politics has been how to balance the interests of the group with

the rights of those they govern.

In a functioning democracy, government authority is derived from the will of the governed.

Throughout history and across cultures, people have developed various forms of government to

Classical, European, Colonial, and and Indigenous thinkers.

UNIFYING CONCEPT: Foundations of Democracy

- ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS What conflicts exist among fundamental principles and values of Constitutional Democracy? In what ways does the U.S. Constitution protect individuals and groups?
- How have different groups perceived the idea that "all men are created
- equal" and how have courts and legislatures interpreted the idea?

ID.9-12.1 – I have a positive view of myself, including an awareness of my membership in multiple groups in society.

ID.9-12.2 – I know my family history and cultural background and my own identity is informed and shaped by my membership in multiple identity groups.

DI.9-12.6 - I interact comfortably and respectfully with all people, whether they are similar to or different from me.

describe how people (including myself) are both similar to and different from each. others and in identity groups. JU.9-12.11 - I relate to all people as individuals rather than representatives of groups

and can identify stereotypes when I see or hear them.

different levels of society. JU.9-12.13 - I can explain the short- and long-term impact of biased words and

JU.9-12.14 - I am aware of the advantages and disadvantages I have in society

because of my membership in different identity groups, and I know how this has affected my life.

JU.9-12.15 - I can identify figures, groups, events, and a variety of strategies and philosophies relevant to the history of social justice around the world. AC.9-12.16 - I express empathy when people are excluded or mistreated because of

How have court interpretations impacted citizen rights and freedoms today? ANTI-RIAS FRAMEWORK ID.9-12.3 - I know that all my group identities and the intersection of those identities create unique aspects of who I am and that this is true for other people too. DI.9-12.7 - I have the language and knowledge to accurately and respectfully

JU.9-12.12 - I can recognize, describe, and distinguish unfairness and injustice at

behaviors and unjust practices, laws, and institutions that limit the rights and freedoms of people based on their identity groups.

their identities and concern when I personally experience bias. AC.9-12.17 - I take responsibility for standing up to exclusion, prejudice, and

Government institutions are used to both protect the interests of those in power and advance

VI. POWER, AUTHORITY, AND GOVE

Government authority is derived from military, social, cultural, and/or economic sources.

Leaders do what they can to remain in power.

VII. PRODUCTION, DISTRIBUTION, AND CONSUMPTION

Governments can dictate what the economic system is for a given country.

meet the needs of those in power and/or of those they govern. Modern American democracy is linked to a tradition that traces its origins backcenturies to

In a functioning democracy, government authority is derived from the will of the governed.

Aside from voting, there are many ways citizens participate politically in a modern democracy.

** Source. National Curriculum Standards for Social Studies: The Themes of Social Studies

TUSD Office of Curriculum Development/ Revised 8-3-17 @Version 4.0

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11.SL.1,2,6

11.SL.1,2,6 hce (knowledge and

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CRC Teacher Professional Development

Orientation- 2 days

New CRC teacher training Curriculum exploration

Tier I: Saturday PD

8 monthly sessions: 4 hr.
Staff meeting
Educational theory
Teacher presentation of curriculum
Teacher collaboration

Tier II: PD

8 monthly sessions: 2 hr.
Review scholarly articles & educational research for implementation into CRC.



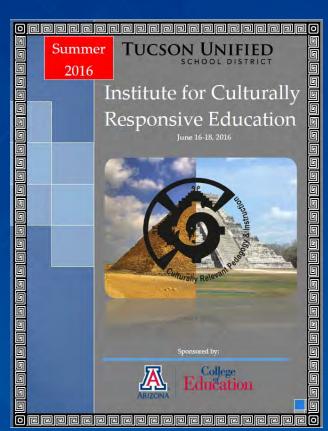


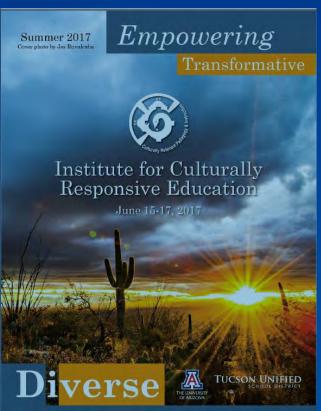
Culturally Responsive Pedagogy and Instruction (CRPI) Professional Development

Summer Institute for Culturally Responsive Education

In collaboration with the UA- College of Education

- 3 Day Institute
- Paid Training
- Nearly 200 TUSD CRC and non-CRC teachers participate





Summer Institute for Culturally Responsive Education



Culturally Responsive Practices (CRP)

Provides training to all administrative, certificated and school paraprofessionals on the concepts, strategies and expectations for implementation of culturally responsive practices.

Cohorts
Administrative
Certificated (Teacher)
Paraprofessional (Classified)

Phase III
Expectations and Evaluation
Including a revision of existing tools
and rubrics

Phase II Implementation and Strategies

Phase I
Theory and Understanding

Culturally Responsive Pedagogy and Instruction

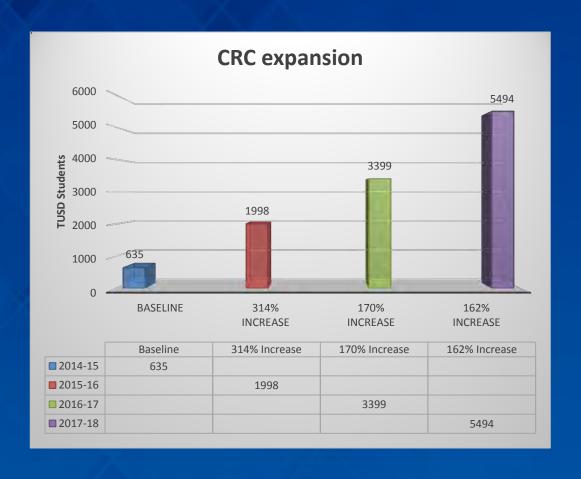
In collaboration with

Mexican American Student Services &

African American Student Services

Adelante Parent and Youth Leadership Conference
African American Heritage Day
Multicultural Symposium
In-Class Support and Mentoring
College Tours
College and Career Readiness
Cesar Chavez Month
Encuentros
CRP Implementation Committee

Culturally Relevant Curriculum (CRC) courses in TUSD



CRC High School Course Sections Offered

Year	African American Viewpoint Courses	Mexican American Viewpoint Courses	Total HS Courses Offered
2015-16	11	43	54
2016-17	21*	48	69
2017-18	23	60	83

83 High School Sections

177 K/8 MS Sections

15 Elementary

272 Total Sections Offered







